

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

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Borehole

41-15-02

Log Event A

Borehole Information

Farm : \underline{SX} Tank : $\underline{SX-115}$ Site Number : $\underline{299-W23-117}$

N-Coord: 35,168 W-Coord: 75,827 TOC Elevation: 661.43

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : 3/29/1962

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{75}$

Equipment Information

Logging System: 2 Detector Type: <u>HPGe</u> Detector Efficiency: 35.0 %

Calibration Date : 03/1995 Calibration Reference : GJPO-HAN-1

Logging Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 7/14/1995 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{74.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



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Analysis Information

Analyst: A.W. Pearson

Data Processing Reference : <u>Data Analysis Manual Ver. 1</u> Analysis Date : <u>9/7/1995</u>

Analysis Notes:

This borehole was logged in one log run with the gain stabililzer operating. The pre- and post- verification spectra indicated that the logging system was operating properly. The energy/channel drift observed during the log run was minimal, and multiple energy calibrations were not necessary to process the data.

The casing thickness is 1/4 in. (0.25 in.); the correction used for data processing was for 0.25-in.-thick casing. The borehole was dry and no water correction was required.

The only man-made radionuclide identified was Cs-137. This contaminant occurred mainly near the surface. A concentration of about 2 pCi/g was measured at 4.5 ft.

Additional details regarding interpretation of the data for this borehole are presented in the Tank Summary Data Report for tank SX-115.

Log Plot Notes:

Three log plots are provided. The Cs-137 activity is plotted alone to provide details of activity and distribution.

The natural gamma-ray logs show the activities of the naturally occurring radionuclides potassium (K-40), uranium (U-238), and thorium (Th-232). The KUT plot is provided to allow correlation of lithologic features between boreholes. The KUT activities observed in this borehole are typical for Hanford Site sediments.

A combination plot incorporates the Cs-137 and KUT log data with the total gamma-ray count rate derived from the spectral gamma-ray data and the latest available gross gamma-ray data acquired with the WHC Tank Farms gross gamma-ray logging systems. No corrections other than scale adjustments for plotting have been made to the WHC gross gamma data. The combination plot allows correlation of the Cs-137 contamination zones with lithologic features and with the gross gamma-ray historic record.

The statistical uncertainty in a measurement is represented on the log plots by uncertainty bars where appropriate. This uncertainty is reported at the 95-percent confidence interval. The minimum detectable activity (MDA) of a radionuclide represents the lowest activity at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible. The MDA values are indicated on the log plots by open circles. If the reported activity is slightly above the MDA, the 95-percent confidence interval of the concentration may extend below the MDA value.